



Improving Water Quality in Welsh Reservoir

Assessing the Fish Consumption Use

Water Quality in Welsh Reservoir

The state of Texas requires that water quality in Welsh Reservoir (Segment 0404D) be suitable for swimming, wading, fishing, and a healthy aquatic environment. However, elevated concentrations of selenium were found in the tissue of fish collected from the reservoir. As a result, the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) issued an advisory in May of 1992, restricting the consumption of fish caught in the reservoir.

In response to this condition, the Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Program initiated a project to determine whether the consumption of fish from the reservoir still posed a threat to human health. The TCEQ worked with the DSHS to collect fish samples, conduct laboratory analyses, and prepare a characterization of the risks to consumers from all contaminants found in fish tissue samples.

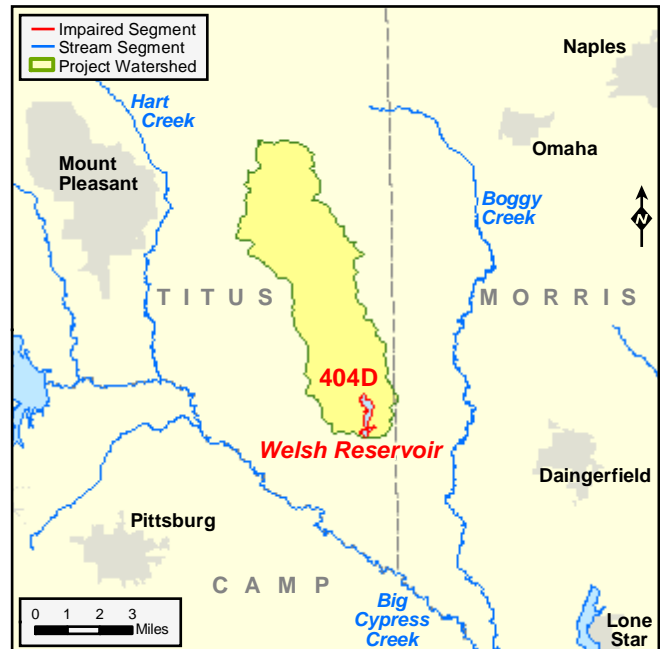
Selenium is a naturally occurring element that is widely but unevenly distributed in the earth's crust. It is also an essential dietary element that prevents damage to tissues by oxygen. However, when consumed in amounts higher than the recommended daily allowance (RDA), selenium is toxic to humans and animals. The DSHS advisory included all species of fish found in Welsh Reservoir and provided specific recommendations for limiting fish consumption.

Fish Are Now Safe to Eat

After assessing all the data collected and characterizing the risks associated with all the contaminants in fish tissue, the DSHS concluded that consumption of fish from Welsh Reservoir does not pose a threat to human health. The fish consumption advisory was rescinded on October 14, 2004. The impairment "selenium in fish tissue" was proposed for delisting on the draft 2004 303(d) List (part of the Draft 2004 Texas Water Quality Inventory and 303(d) List). The delisting will be complete if the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency approves it when it reviews the state's draft list. The schedule of special monitoring and analysis of the reservoir fish is concluded.

Welsh Reservoir Watershed

Welsh Reservoir is in the Cypress Creek Basin and impounds Swauano and Justiss Creeks. It is located



eleven miles southeast of Mount Pleasant in Titus County.

The reservoir's watershed is wholly contained within Titus County. The watershed is rural, and is characterized by gently rolling wooded hills and broad, frequently flooded, densely vegetated stream bottoms. Post oak savannah is prominent in the western portion of the basin, while pineywoods are prevalent in the eastern portion.

The 1,465-acre reservoir was constructed in 1976 to serve as a cooling pond for a steam-electric power plant. Welsh Reservoir is a popular recreational area for boating and scuba diving. Fishing for sunfish, trophy bass, catfish, and crappie also lures large numbers of recreationists to the reservoir each year.

Public Participation

The TCEQ communicated the progress of this project through the Cypress Creek Basin Clean Rivers Program (CRP)/TMDL Steering Committee. The project was a collaborative effort involving the TCEQ, the DSHS, the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD), and the North East Texas Municipal Water District (NETMWD).

For More Information

For more information the project, contact one of the TCEQ staff listed below.

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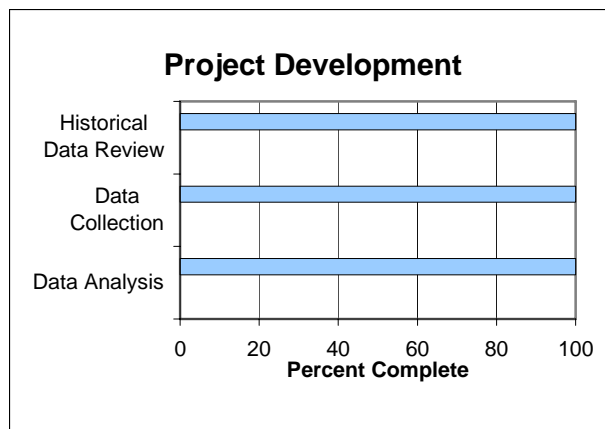
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To learn more about how surface water quality is measured and managed, read *Clean Water for Texas: Working Together for Water Quality*. For general information about how TMDL projects are structured, read *The TMDL Process in Texas: What You Need to Know*. Both documents are available on the Web at www.tceq.org/goto/tmdl/.

Project Development Status

Start Date: January 2002

End Date: October 2003



Project Highlights

- At a meeting held September 2001, with representatives from the DSHS, the TPWD, and the TCEQ, staff decided that the human health risks associated with fish consumption from Welsh Reservoir should be reassessed.
- The TCEQ contracted with the DSHS in January 2002, to conduct a human health risk assessment. Work consists of fish sampling; the analysis of fish specimens for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), pesticides, and a metals panel including arsenic (As), cadmium (Cd), copper (Cu), lead (Pb), selenium (Se), zinc (Zn), and mercury (Hg). Project staff will prepare conclusions and recommendations based on the analysis.
- The quality assurance project plan (QAPP) was finalized by the TCEQ and the DSHS and approved by the EPA.
- Fifteen fish samples were collected from Welsh Reservoir in March 2003. Laboratory analyses of the fish and the human health risk characterization are pending.
- The TDH completed their risk characterization and concluded that consumption of fish from Welsh Reservoir does not pose a threat to human health. The fish consumption advisory was rescinded on October 14, 2004.
- The "selenium in fish tissue" impairment was proposed for delisting on the draft 2004 303(d) List (part of the Draft 2004 Texas Water Quality Inventory and 303(d) List). The delisting will be complete when the draft 2004 List is approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.